

K.I.M. LIMITI a cura di Padovan Claudio (v. 1.00)

Legenda

$$p > 0, p \in \mathbb{R} \qquad q < 0, q \in \mathbb{R}$$

1-Condizioni generali:

$$-\infty < x < +\infty, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

2-Addizioni

$$\begin{array}{ll} x + (+\infty) = (+\infty) + x = +\infty & x + (-\infty) = (-\infty) + x = -\infty \\ (+\infty) + (+\infty) = +\infty & (-\infty) + (-\infty) = -\infty \end{array}$$

3-Moltiplicazioni

$$\begin{array}{ll} p \cdot (+\infty) = (+\infty) \cdot p = +\infty & p \cdot (-\infty) = (-\infty) \cdot p = -\infty \\ q \cdot (+\infty) = (+\infty) \cdot q = -\infty & q \cdot (-\infty) = (-\infty) \cdot q = +\infty \\ (+\infty) \cdot (+\infty) = +\infty & (-\infty) \cdot (-\infty) = +\infty \\ (+\infty) \cdot (-\infty) = (-\infty) \cdot (+\infty) = -\infty \end{array}$$

4-Divisioni

$$\begin{array}{llll} \frac{p}{+\infty} = 0^+ & \frac{p}{-\infty} = 0^- & \frac{q}{+\infty} = 0^- & \frac{q}{-\infty} = 0^+ \\ \frac{+\infty}{p} = +\infty & \frac{-\infty}{p} = -\infty & \frac{+\infty}{q} = -\infty & \frac{-\infty}{q} = +\infty \\ \frac{0^+}{+\infty} = 0^+ & \frac{0^+}{-\infty} = 0^- & \frac{0^-}{+\infty} = 0^- & \frac{0^-}{-\infty} = 0^+ \\ \frac{+\infty}{0^+} = +\infty & \frac{-\infty}{0^+} = -\infty & \frac{+\infty}{0^-} = -\infty & \frac{-\infty}{0^-} = +\infty \\ \frac{p}{0^+} = +\infty & \frac{p}{0^-} = -\infty & \frac{q}{0^+} = -\infty & \frac{q}{0^-} = +\infty \end{array}$$

5-Esponenziali

$$\begin{array}{ll} (+\infty)^p = +\infty & (+\infty)^q = 0^+ \\ (0^+)^{+\infty} = 0^+ & (0^+)^{-\infty} = +\infty \\ (+\infty)^{+\infty} = +\infty & (+\infty)^{-\infty} = 0^+ \end{array}$$

$$p^{+\infty} = \begin{cases} +\infty, & \text{se } p > 1 \\ 0^+, & \text{se } 0 < p < 1 \end{cases} \qquad p^{-\infty} = \begin{cases} 0^+, & \text{se } p > 1 \\ +\infty, & \text{se } 0 < p < 1 \end{cases}$$

6-Logaritmi

$$\begin{array}{ll} \log_p(+\infty) = \begin{cases} +\infty, & \text{se } p > 1 \\ -\infty, & \text{se } 0 < p < 1 \end{cases} & \log_p(0^+) = \begin{cases} -\infty, & \text{se } p > 1 \\ +\infty, & \text{se } 0 < p < 1 \end{cases} \\ \log_{+\infty}(p) = \begin{cases} 0^+, & \text{se } p > 1 \\ 0^-, & \text{se } 0 < p < 1 \end{cases} & \end{array}$$

7-Forme di indecisione

$$\frac{0}{0} \qquad \frac{\infty}{\infty} \qquad \infty - \infty \qquad 0 \cdot \infty \qquad \infty^0 \qquad 1^\infty$$

8-REGOLE PER IL CALCOLO DEI LIMITI

- $\lim_a c \cdot f(x) = c \cdot \lim_a f(x)$, con $c \neq 0$
- $\lim_a \{f(x) \pm g(x)\} = \lim_a f(x) \pm \lim_a g(x)$
- $\lim_a \{f(x) \cdot g(x)\} = \lim_a f(x) \cdot \lim_a g(x)$
- $\lim_a \{f(x)\}^h = \{\lim_a f(x)\}^h$
- $\lim_a \frac{1}{f(x)} = \frac{1}{\lim_a f(x)}$, con $f(x) \neq 0$
- $\lim_a \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\lim_a f(x)}{\lim_a g(x)}$, con $g(x) \neq 0$
- $\lim_a \{f(x)\}^{g(x)} = \{\lim_a f(x)\}^{\lim_a g(x)}$
- $\lim_a \{\log_{g(x)} f(x)\} = \log_{\lim_a g(x)} \{\lim_a f(x)\}$
- $\lim_a |f(x)| = |\lim_a f(x)|$